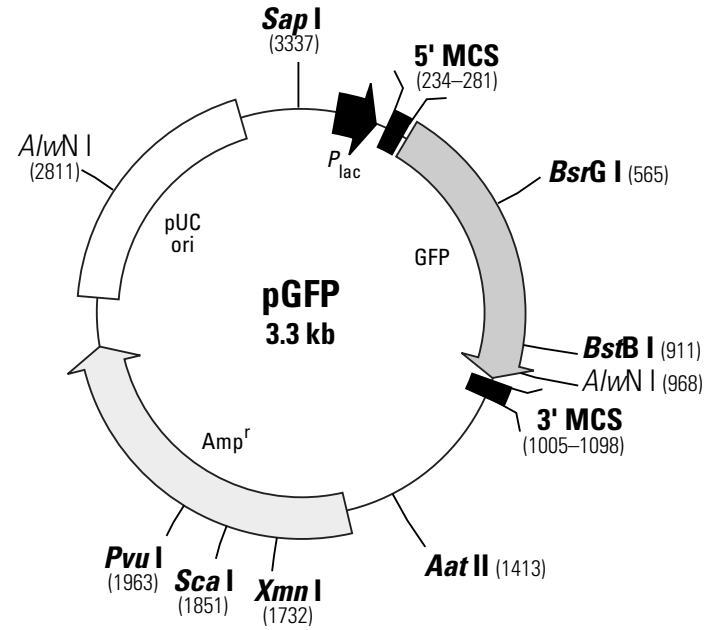
Vector Information

pGFP Vector Information PT2039-5

GenBank Accession No.: U17997 Cat. No. 632370



5' MCS

LacZ

ATG ACCATGATTACGCCAAGCTTGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGA

*Hin*d III *Sph* I *Pst* I *Sal* I *Xba* I

GFP

GGATCCCCGGGTACCGGTAGAAAAA **ATG AGT**

*Bam*H I *Xma* I *Sma* I *Kpn* I *Age* I *Asp*718 I

3' MCS

GFP stop

TAG CATTCGTAGAATTCCAACTGAGCGCCGGTCGCTACCATTACCAA

Bsm I *Eco*R I

CTTGTCTGGTGTCAAAAATAATAGGCCTACTAGTCGGCCGTACGGGCCC

Stu I *Spe* I *Eag* I *BsiW* I *Bsp*120 I *Apa* I

Restriction Map and Multiple Cloning Site (MCS) of pGFP. Unique restriction sites are in bold.

Description:

pGFP carries the complete GFP coding sequence derived from the GFP cDNA by PCR (1, 2). This PCR product was cloned between the two MCSs of the pUC19 derivative pPD16.43 (2, 5). The 5' MCS lies immediately upstream from the GFP start codon; the 3' MCS lies downstream from the GFP stop codon. The GFP gene was inserted in frame with the *lac*Z initiation codon from pUC19 so that in *E. coli,* GFP is expressed from the *lac* promoter as a fusion with several additional amino acids, including the the first five amino acids of the *lacZ* protein. Note, however, that if you excise the GFP coding sequence using a restriction site in the 5' MCS, the resulting fragment will encode the native (i.e., non-fusion) GFP protein. The pUC19 backbone of pGFP provides a high copy number origin of replication and ampicillin resistance gene for propagation in *E. coli* .

GFP excitation maxima = 395 nm, and the emission maxima = 509 nm.

Clontech

United States/Canada
800.662.2566
Asia Pacific
+1.650.919.7300
Europe
+33.(0)1.3904.6880
Japan
+81.(0)77.543.6116

Clontech Laboratories, Inc.
A Takara Bio Company
1290 Terra Bella Ave.
Mountain View, CA 94043
Technical Support (US)
E-mail: tech@clontech.com
www.clontech.com

(032113)

Location of features:
- lac promoter: 95–178
  CAP binding site: 111–124
  –35 region: 143–148; –10 region: 167–172
  Transcription start point: 179
  lac operator: 179–199
- lacZ–green fluorescent protein (GFP) fusion protein expressed in E. coli
  Ribosome binding site: 206–209
  Start codon (ATG): 217–219; stop codon: 1003–1005
- 5' MCS: 234–281
- Green fluorescent protein gene
  Start codon (ATG): 289–291; stop codon: 1003–1005
  GFP fluorescent chromophore: 481–489
- 3' MCS: 1005–1098
- Ampicillin resistance gene
  Promoter: –35 region: 1474–1479; –10 region: 1497–1502
  Transcription start point: 1509
  Ribosome binding site: 1532–1536
  β-lactamase coding sequences:
    Start codon (ATG): 1544–1546; stop codon: 2402–2404
    β-lactamase signal peptide: 1544–1612
    β-lactamase mature protein: 1613–2401
- pUC plasmid replication origin: 2552–3195

Primer location:
- GFP-N Sequencing Primer (#6476-1): 352–331
- GFP-C Sequencing Primer (#6477-1): 942–964

Propagation in E. coli:
- Recommended host strain: JM109
- Selectable marker: plasmid confers resistance to ampicillin (100 µg/ml) to E. coli hosts
- E. coli replication origin: pUC
- Copy number: ≈500
- Plasmid incompatibility group: pMB1/ColE1

References:
1. Prasher, D. C., et al. (1992) Gene 111:229–233.
2. Chalfie, M., et al. (1994) Science 263:802–805.
3. Inouye, S. & Tsuji, F. I. (1994) FEBS Letters 341:277–280.
4. Wang, S. & Hazelrigg, T. (1994) Nature 369:400–403.
5. Fire, A., et al. (1990) Gene 93:189–198.