

Description

pAcGFP1-F Hyg encodes a fusion protein consisting of a 20-amino-acid farnesylation signal from c-Ha-Ras (1, 2) fused to the C-terminus of AcGFP1. Post-translation of this farnesylation signal targets AcGFP1-F to the inner leaflet of the plasma membrane.

AcGFP1 is derived from *Aequorea coerulescens*. When AcGFP1-F Hyg is expressed in mammalian cell cultures, green fluorescent cells can be detected by either fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry 12–16 hr after transfection (excitation maximum = 475 nm; emission maximum = 505 nm, respectively). The AcGFP1 coding sequence is human-codon-optimized for increased translation efficiency in mammalian cells (3). SV40 polyadenylation signals downstream of the AcGFP1-F gene direct proper processing of the 3' end of the AcGFP1-F mRNA. The vector backbone also contains an SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing the SV40 T-antigen. A hygromycin resistance cassette (Hyg^r), consisting of the SV40 early promoter, the hygromycin resistance gene, and SV40 polyadenylation signals, allows stably transfected eukaryotic cells to be selected using hygromycin B. A bacterial promoter upstream of the ampicillin gene expresses ampicillin resistance in *E. coli*. The pAcGFP1-F Hyg backbone also provides a pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli* and an f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production.

Use

pAcGFP1-F Hyg is designed for use as a plasma membrane marker, as well as a cotransfection marker. Because it remains attached to the plasma membrane, it can be detected by fluorescence microscopy in permeabilized cells after ethanol fixation (4). The vector can be transfected into mammalian cells using any standard transfection method. If required, stable transformants can be selected using hygromycin B. The added feature of having a hygromycin resistance cassette, complements the currently available Living Colors vectors with neomycin resistance.



Clon**tech**

United States/Canada 800.662.2566 Asia Pacific +1.650.919.7300 Europe +33.(0)1.3904.6880 Japan +81.(0)77.543.6116

Clontech Laboratories, Inc. ATakara Bio Company 1290 Terra Bella Ave. Mountain View, CA 94043 Technical Support (US) E-mail: tech@clontech.com www.clontech.com

Location of features

- Human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate early promoter: 1–589 Enhancer region: 59–465; TATA box: 554–560
- Farnesylated monomeric green fluorescent protein (AcGFP1-F) gene Kozak consensus translation initiation site: 606–616 Start codon (ATG): 613–615; Stop codon: 1405–1407 Last amino acid in AcGFP1: 1327–1329 c-Ha-Ras farnesylation signal: 1345–1407
- SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal Polyadenylation signals: 1625–1630 & 1654–1659; mRNA 3' ends: 1663 & 1675
- f1 single-strand DNA origin: 1722–2177 (packages the noncoding strand of AcGFP1)
- SV40 origin of replication: 2518–2656
- SV40 early promoter
 - Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 2351-2422 & 2423-2494
 - 21-bp repeats: 2498-2518, 2519-2539 & 2541-2561
 - Early promoter element: 2574-2580
- Hygromycin resistance gene:
 - Start codon (ATG): 2675–2677; stop codon: 3698–3700
- SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal: 3848–3853 & 3877–3882; mRNA 3' ends: 3886 & 3898
- Bacterial promoter for expression of Ampr gene:
 - -35 region: 4047-4052; -10 region: 4070-4075
- Ampicillin resistance gene:

Start codon (ATG): 4117–4119; stop codon: 4975–4977

• pUC plasmid replication origin: 5140-5783

Propagation in E. coli

- Suitable host strains: DH5α, HB101, and other general purpose strains. Single-stranded DNA production requires a host containing an F plasmid such as JM109 or XL1-Blue.
- Selectable marker: plasmid confers resistance to ampicillin (100 µg/ml) in E. coli hosts.
- E. coli replication origin: pUC; copy number: high

References

- 1. Aronheim, A., et al. (1994) *Cell* **78:**949–961.
- 2. Hancock, J. F., et al. (1991) *EMBO J.* **10**:4033–4039.
- 3. Haas, J., et al. (1996) Curr. Biol. 6:315-324.
- 4. Jiang, W. & Hunter, T. (1998) *BioTechniques* 24:348–354

Note: The attached sequence file has been compiled from information in the sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Clontech. This vector has not been completely sequenced.

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