Code No. 27785

Mouse LRG Assay Kit - IBL

INTRODUCTION

Leucine rich alpha2-glycoprotein (LRG) is one of leucine-rich repeat family proteins. LRG has been shown to be involved in protein-protein interaction, signal transduction, and cell adhesion and development. Recently, it was reported that serum levels of LRG were significantly elevated in Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients compared to healthy controls and decreased after anti-TNF therapy (ref. 1). And another report indicate that LRG levels in cerebrospinal fluid in iNPH (idiopathic Normal Pressure Hydrocephalus) patients are remarkably elevated in compared with controls (ref. 2) and it may be a possible to differentiate iNPH patients from others showing similar symptoms like Alzheimer's disease (ref. 3).
This product is an ELISA kit for measuring of mouse LRG.

Related product:

Code No.	Name	Volume
27769	Human LRG Assay Kit -IBL	96 Well

PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA using 2 kinds of highly specific antibodies. Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is used as a coloring agent (Chromogen). The strength of coloring is proportional to the quantities of Mouse LRG.

MEASUREMENT RANGE

0.25 - 16 ng/mL

INTENDED USE

This IBL's assay kit is capable for the quantitative determination mouse LRG in serum, EDTA plasma and urine.

KIT COMPONENT

1	Precoated plate	: Anti-Mouse LRG (138) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify	96Well x 1
2	Labeled antibody Conc.	: (30X) HRP conjugated Anti-Mouse LRG (322) Rabbit IgG Fab' Affinity Purify	0.4mL x 1
3	Standard	: Recombinant Mouse LRG	0.5mL x 2
4	EIA buffer	: 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS	30mL x 1
5	Solution for Labeled antibody	: 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS	12mL x 1
6	Chromogen	: TMB solution	15mL x 1
7	Stop solution	: 1N H_2SO_4	12mL x 1
8	Wash buffer Conc.	: (40X) 0.05% Tween20 in phosphate buffer	50mL x 1

OPERATION MANUAL

1. Materials needed but not supplied

- Plate reader (450nm)
- Micropipette and tip
- Graduated cylinder and beaker
- Deionized water
- Refrigerator (as 4°C)
- Graph paper (log/log)
- Paper towel
- Tube for dilution of Standard
- Incubator (37°C ± 1°C)
- Washing bottle for precoated plate
- Disposable test tube for "2, Labeled antibody Conc." and "6, Chromogen"

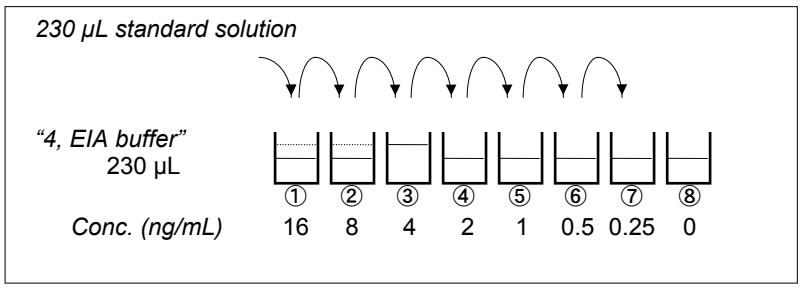
2. Preparation

1) Preparation of wash buffer
"8, Wash buffer Conc." is a concentrated (40X) buffer. Adjust the temperature of "8, Washing buffer Conc." to room temperature and then, mix it gently and completely before use. Dilute 50 mL of "8, Wash buffer Conc." with 1,950 mL of deionized water and mix it. This is the wash buffer for use. This prepared wash buffer shall be stored in refrigerator and used within 2 weeks after dilution.
2) Preparation of Labeled antibody
"2, Labeled antibody Conc." is a concentrated (30X). Dilute "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" in 30 times according to required quantity into a disposable test tube. Use this resulting solution as Labeled antibody.
Example)
In case you use one strip (8 well), the required quantity of Labeled antibody is 800 µL. (Dilute 30 µL of "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with 870 µL of "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" and mix it. And use the resulting solution by 100 µL in each well.)
<u>This operation should be done just before the application of Labeled antibody.</u>
The remaining "2, Labeled antibody Conc." should be stored at 4℃ in firmly sealed vial.
3) Preparation of Standard
Put just <u>0.5 mL</u> of deionized water into the vial of "3, Standard" and mix it gently and completely. This solution is 32 ng/mL Mouse LRG standard.
4) Dilution of Standard
Prepare 8 tubes for dilution of "3, Standard". Put 230 µL each of "4, EIA buffer" into the tube.
Specify the following concentration of each tube."

Tube-1	16 ng/mL
Tube-2	8 ng/mL
Tube-3	4 ng/mL
Tube-4	2 ng/mL
Tube-5	1 ng/mL
Tube-6	0.5 ng/mL
Tube-7	0.25 ng/mL
Tube-8	0 ng/mL (Test Sample Blank)

Put 230 µL of Standard solution into tube-1 and mix it gently. Then, put 230 µL of tube-1 mixture into tube-2. Dilute two times standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 16 ng/mL and 0.25 ng/mL. Tube-8 is the test sample blank as 0 ng/mL.

See following picture.



5) Dilution of test sample
Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" as necessary.
If the concentration of Mouse LRG in samples may not be estimated in advance, the pre-assay with several different dilutions will be recommended.
Notice: Don't use "4, EIA buffer" of Human LRG Assay Kit (# 27769) for this ELISA. When "4, EIA buffer" in kit is not enough for dilution, customers can purchase additional kit component (30 mL, Code No. 27785D)

3. Measurement procedure

All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use. Then mix it gently and completely before use. Make sure of no change in quality of the reagents. Standard curve shall be prepared simultaneously with the measurement of test samples.

Reagents	Test Sample	Standard	Test Sample Blank	Reagent Blank
	Test sample 100 µL	Diluted standard (Tube 1-7) 100 µL	EIA buffer (Tube-8) 100 µL	EIA buffer 100 µL
Incubation for 60 minutes at 37°C with plate lid				
Washing 7 times				
Labeled Antibody	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL	-
Incubation for 30 minutes at 4°C with plate lid				
Washing 9 times				
Chromogen	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL
Incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature (shielded)				
Stop solution	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL
Read the plate at 450nm against a Reagent Blank within 30 minutes after addition of Stop solution.				

1) Determine wells for reagent blank. Put 100 µL each of "4, EIA buffer" into the wells.
2) Determine wells for test sample blank, test sample and diluted standard.
Then, put 100 µL each of test sample blank (tube-8), test sample and dilutions of standard (tube-1-7) into the appropriate wells.
3) Incubate the precoated plate for 60 minutes at 37°C after covering it with plate lid.
4) Wash each well of the precoated plate vigorously with wash buffer using the washing bottle. Then, fill each well with wash buffer and leave the precoated plate laid for 15-30 seconds. Remove wash buffer completely from the precoated plate by snapping. <u>This procedure must be repeated more than 7 times.</u> Then, remove the remaining liquid from all wells completely by snapping the precoated plate onto paper towel.
In case of using a plate washer, after 4 times washing with plate washer, washing with above washing bottle must be repeated 3 times.
5) Pipette 100 µL of labeled antibody solution into the wells of test samples, diluted standard and test sample blank.
6) Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at 4°C after covering it with plate lid.
7) Wash the precoated plate 9 times in the same manner as 4).
8) Take the required quantity of "6, Chromogen" into a disposable test tube. Then, pipette 100 µL from the test tube into the wells. Please do not return the rest of the test tube to "6, Chromogen" bottle to avoid contamination.
9) Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The liquid will turn blue by addition of "6, Chromogen".
10) Pipette 100 µL of "7, Stop solution" into the wells. Mix the liquid by tapping the side of precoated plate. The liquid will turn yellow by addition of "7, Stop solution".
11) Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the precoated plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, run the plate reader and conduct measurement at 450 nm against a reagent blank.
The measurement shall be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

SPECIAL ATTENTION

1) Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For the storage of test samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw the test samples at a low temperature and mix them completely before measurement.
2) Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer", as the need arises.
3) Duplicate measurement of test samples and standard is recommended.
4) Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.
5) Use only wash buffer contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate. Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement.
6) Remove the wash buffer completely by tapping the precoated plate on paper towel. Do not wipe wells with paper towel.
7) "6, Chromogen" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light.

"6, Chromogen" should be avoided contact with metals.

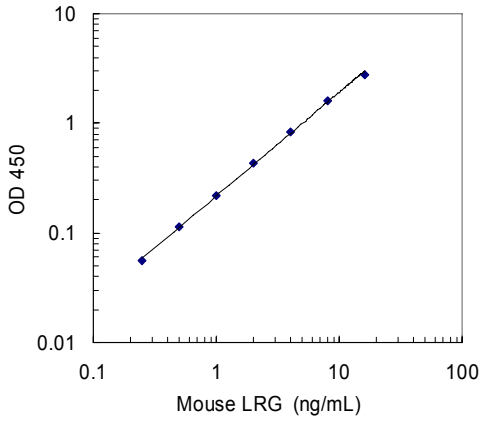
8) Measurement should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

Subtract the absorbance of test sample blank from all data, including standards and unknown samples before plotting. Plot the subtracted absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration on log-log graph paper. Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. Read the concentration for unknown samples from the standard curve.

Example of standard curve

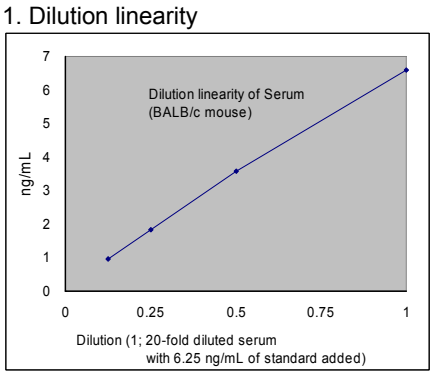
Conc. (ng/mL)	Absorbance (450nm)
16	2.848
8	1.652
4	0.898
2	0.492
1	0.277
0.5	0.174
0.25	0.114
0 (Test Sample Blank)	0.059

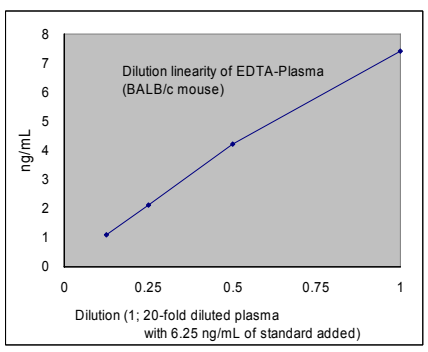


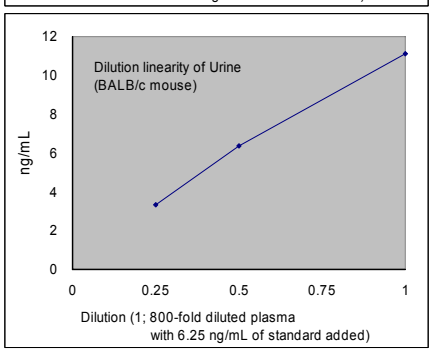
* The typical standard curve is shown above. This curve can not be used to derive test results. Please run a standard curve for each assay.

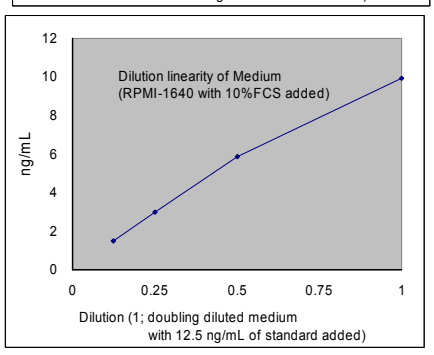
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Dilution linearity









2. Added Recovery Assay

Specimen	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	%
Mouse Serum (BALB/c) (x40)	13.39	10.30	76.9
	7.14	6.36	89.1
	4.01	3.75	93.5
	2.45	2.26	92.2
Mouse Plasma (EDTA) (BALB/c) (x40)	14.06	11.86	84.4
	7.81	7.26	93.0
	4.68	4.48	95.7
	3.12	2.99	95.8
Mouse Urine (BALB/c) (x20,000)	15.67	13.38	85.4
	9.42	8.93	94.8
	6.30	6.30	100.0
	4.73	4.64	98.1
10%FCS added RPMI-1640 (x4)	12.50	10.61	84.9
	6.25	5.83	93.3
	3.13	2.95	94.2
	1.56	1.42	91.0

Be cautious when you measure cell culture media since FCS in medium may react significantly in some lot,

3. Intra – Assay

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
8.45	0.48	5.7	26
2.89	0.26	9.0	26
1.36	0.11	8.1	26

4. Inter – Assay

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
7.73	0.85	11.0	9
2.72	0.22	8.1	9
1.32	0.07	5.3	9

5. Sensitivity

0.06 ng/mL
The sensitivity for this kit was determined using the guidelines under the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) Evaluation Protocols. (National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards Evaluation Protocols, SC1, (1989) Villanova, PA: NCCLS.)

PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

1. All reagents should be stored at 2 - 8°C. All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use.
2. "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. Be careful to open this vial.
3. "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance. Therefore, be careful not to have your skin and clothes contact "7, Stop solution" and pay attention to the disposal of "7, Stop solution".
4. Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.
5. Precipitation may occur in "2, Labeled antibody Conc." Or "4, EIA buffer" however, there is no problem in the performance.
6. Wash hands after handling reagents.
7. Do not mix the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or kit.
8. Do not use expired reagents.
9. This kit is for research purpose only. Do not use for clinical diagnosis.

STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY

Storage Condition : 2 - 8°C
The expiry date is specified on outer box.

REFERENCE

1. Serada S, Fujimoto M, Ogata A, Terabe F, Hirano T, Iijima H, Shinzaki S, Nishikawa T, Ohkawara T, Iwahori K, Ohguro N, Kishimoto T, Naka T. iTRAQ-based proteomic identification of leucine-rich alpha-2 glycoprotein as a novel inflammatory biomarker in autoimmune diseases. Ann Rheum Dis. 2010 Apr;69(4):770-4.
2. Li X, Miyajima M, Mineki R, Taka H, Murayama K, Arai H. Analysis of potential diagnostic biomarkers in cerebrospinal fluid of idiopathic normal pressure hydrocephalus by proteomics. Acta Neurochir (Wien) 2006 Aug;148(8):859-64.
3. Nakajima M, *et. al* Leucine-rich α-2-glycoprotein is a marker for idiopathic normal pressure hydrocephalus. Acta Neurochirurgica. in press

Version 1.2

Made in Japan.